Instruction and Operating Manual

Smart Valve Positioner ZL1 / ZR1 Series ZL1S / ZR1S Series (SS316)



<Software Version 6.07>

Lilly Engineering Company

















Contents

1. Introduction	9
2. Overview of Structure	9
3. Specifications	10
3.1. Specifications for Profibus PA Communication	11
3.2. Specifications for Fieldbus Communication	12
4. Part Numbering System (order code)	14
4.1. Descriptions on Nameplate	15
5. Principle of Operation	15
6. Descriptions of LCD display and Buttons	16
7. Installation	17
7.1. Mounting onto Linear Actuator	17
7.1.1. Installation of Follower Guide	17
7.1.2. Installation of Feedback Lever and Mounting Bracket	17
7.1.3. Mounting onto Cast Yoke or Pillar Yoke	18
7.1.4. Mounting onto Other Kind of Cast Yoke	18
7.1.5. Mounting on Diaphragm Actuator	19
7.1.6. Installation of Feedback Pin Follower Guide	19
7.1.7. Standard Installation	20
7.2. Mounting onto Rotary Actuator	22
7.2.1. The ZR1 positioner supports NAMUR mounting standard (VDI/VDE 3835, IEC 60534-	6-2)22
7.2.2. Mounting with Fork Lever Type	23
7.2.3. Position of Fork Lever	23
7.2.4. Re-assembling Multi-size Bracket according to Rotary Actuator	23
8. Air Connections	25
8.1. ZL1 (linear type)	25
8.2. ZR1 (rotary type)	25
9. Electrical Connections	26
9.1. Terminal Block	26
9.2. Measuring Output Signal	27
9.2.1. With mA loop calibrator	27
9.2.2. With multi-meter	27
9.3. Wiring Alarm Limits (only weatherproof to IP66)	27
9.4. HART Connection	27
9.5. Profibus PA / Fieldbus Connection	27
9.6. Wiring SPDT Micro Switches	28
9.7. Setting Micro Switches	28
9.8. Earthing	28
9.9. Wiring for Intrinsic Safety	29
9.10. Cable Gland / Blind Plug	30
9.10.1. Cable Gland	30
9.10.2. Blind Plug	31
10. Quick Auto-Calibration	32



10.1. Quick Auto-Calibration	32
10.2. Checking the Ambient Temperature	32
1. Description of Parameters Flow	33
11.1. Diagram of Parameters	33
11.2. Main Parameters	34
11.3. Parameters	35
11.3.1. Main Parameters	35
11.3.2. CTRL - Parameters (speed control adjustment)	35
11.3.3. SUB - Parameter	35
11.4. Setting of Main Parameters	36
11.4.1. LOCK ON / OFF	36
11.4.2. Display Mode	36
11.4.3. Manual Mode (default: 0)	37
11.4.4. Monitor Mode	37
11.4.5. Auto-Calibration Mode	38
11.4.5.A. Performing Auto-Calibration	38
11.4.5.B. Initializing Setting Values (RESET)	38
11.4.5.C. Re-adjustment of Zero & Span (STEN)	38
11.4.5.D. COLD (Re-booting)	38
11.4.6. Self-Test Mode	39
11.5. Parameters Flow Diagram	40
11.5.1. [INPU] Change of Input signal (default: 4-20mA)	41
11.5.2. [R/DA] Selection of Direct Acting (DA) or Reverse Acting (RA) (default: RA)	41
11.5.3. [L/EQ] Selection of Linear, E.Q.%, Quick Open or User Set (default: Linear)	41
11.5.4. [SPAN] Span Adjustment (default: 100)	43
11.5.5. [ZERO] Zero Adjustment (default: 0)	43
11.5.6. PID-Gain	44
11.5.6.A. P-Gain (Proportional Gain)	44
11.5.6.B. I-Gain (Integral Gain)	44
11.5.6.C. D-Gain (Differential Gain)	44
11.5.7. [CTRL] – Control Speed Adjustment	45
11.5.7.A. [SPED] – Response Speed Adjustment (default: 1000)	445
11.5.7.B. [GAP] – (default: 100)	445
11.5.7.C. [KISP] – kI-Gain Speed(default: 100)	445
11.5.7.D. [GNLT] – Gap Control Limit (default: automatically-set)	445
11.5.7.E. [CNLT] – Control Limit (default: automatically-set)	446
11.5.7.F. [HDGP] – In case of a hard packing friction (default: Off)	446
11.5.8. [DEAD] Setting of Dead Band (default: 0.5)	46
11.5.9. SUB Parameter	46
11.5.9.A. [SHUT] Valve Shut-off Control (default: 0.3)	47
11.5.9.B. [FOPN] Valve Full Open Control (default: 0.3)	48
11.5.9.C. [OUT] Setting of Output Signal (default: 4 - 20mA)	48
11.5.9.D. [SPLT] Split Range Setting (default: 4-20)	48
11.5.9.E. [LCD] Change of Display Position on LCD	48



11.5.9.F. [ALRM] Setting of Alarm Limits (default: 0 – 10%, 90 – 105%)	48
11.5.9.G. [ICAL] – Setting of Input Signal (default: factory setting)	50
11.5.9.H. [FCAL] – Setting of Output Signal (default: factory setting)	51
11.5.9.I. [POLL] – HART Communication Polling Address (default: 0)	51
11.5.9J. [PST] – Partial Stroke Testing (default: OFF)	52
12. Maintenance / Service	54
12.1. Preliminary Check Points	54
12.1.1. Voltage	54
12.1.2. Electrical Connections	54
12.1.3. Pneumatic Connections (see 8.1, 8.2)	54
12.1.4. Supply Air Quality	54
12.2. Module Parts	54
12.3. Structure of Gauge Block	54
12.4. Re-setting of Potentiometer (spare part No. 14a, 14b)	54
12.5. Exchanging the Positioner Spare Parts	54
12.5.1. How to Exchange ZL1 / ZR1 RTQ Coil	545
12.5.2. How to Exchange ZL1 / ZR1 Pilot valve	546
13. Troubleshooting	57
13.1. Error Codes and Recommended Actions	57
14. Spare Parts	58
14.1. ZL1 Spare Parts	58
14.2. ZR1 Spare Parts	59
14.3. List of Spare Parts	60
15. Dimensions	61
15.1. ZL1 (linear type)	61
15.2. ZR1 (rotary type)	62
15.3. ZR1 (with 2 x SPDT micro switch)	63





1-1 Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent hazardous situations and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard with the labels of "Caution," "Warning" or "Danger." They are all important notes for safety and must be followed in addition to International Standards (IEC) Note 1), and other safety regulations.

Note 1) IEC 60079-0 : 2007 EN 60079-0 : 2009 EN 13463-1 : 2009 EN 60079-11 : 2007 EN 13463-5 : 2010

IEC 60079-26: 2004 EN 60079-26: 2004

 \triangle

Caution

Caution indicates a hazard with a low level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.



Warning

Warning indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



Danger

Danger indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



Warning

1. The compatibility of the product is the responsibility of the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications.

Since the product specified here is used under various operating conditions, its compatibility with specific equipment must be decided by the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications based on necessary analysis and test results. The expected performance and safety assurance of the equipment will be the responsibility of the person who has determined its compatibility with the product. This person should also continuously review all specifications of the product referring to its latest catalogue information, with a view to giving due consideration to any possibility of equipment failure when configuring the equipment.

2. Only personnel with appropriate training should operate machinery and equipment. The product specified here may become unsafe if handled incorrectly.

The assembly, operation and maintenance of machines or equipment including our products must be performed by an operator who is appropriately trained and experienced.

- 3. Do not service or attempt to remove product and machinery/equipment until safety is confirmed.
 - 1. The inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed after measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driven objects have been confirmed.
 - 2. When the product is to be removed, confirm that the safety measures as mentioned above are implemented and the power from any appropriate source is cut, and read and understand the specific product precautions of all relevant products carefully.
 - 3. Before machinery/equipment is restarted, take measures to prevent unexpected operation and malfunction.
- 4. Contact LILLY ENGINEERING beforehand and take special consideration of safety measures if the product is to be used in any of the following conditions.
 - 1. Conditions and environments outside of the given specifications, or use outdoors or in a place exposed to direct sunlight.
 - 2. Installation on equipment in conjunction with atomic energy, railways, air navigation, space, shipping, vehicles, military, medical treatment, combustion and recreation, or equipment in contact with food and beverages, emergency stop circuits, clutch and brake circuits in press applications, safety equipment or other applications unsuitable for the standard specifications described in the product catalogue.
 - 3. An application which could have negative effects on people, property, or animals requiring special safety analysis.
 - 4. Use in an interlock circuit, which requires the provision of double interlock for possible failure by using a mechanical protective function, and periodical checks to confirm proper operation.





1-2 Safety Instructions



Caution

1. The product is provided for use in manufacturing industries.

The product herein described is basically provided for peaceful use in manufacturing industries. If considering using the product in other industries consult LILLY ENGINEERING beforehand and exchange specifications or a contract if necessary. If anything is unclear, contact your nearest sales branch.

Limited warranty and Disclaimer/Compliance Requirements

The product used is subject to the following "Limited warranty and Disclaimer" and "Compliance Requirements". Read and accept them before using the product.

Limited warranty and Disclaimer

- 1. The warranty period of the product is 1 year in service or 1.5 years after the product is delivered. Note 2)
 - Also, the product may have specified durability, running distance or replacement parts. Please consult your nearest sales branch.
- For any failure or damage reported within the warranty period which is clearly our responsibility, a replacement product or necessary parts will be provided. This limited warranty applies only to our product independently, and not to any other damage incurred due to the failure of the product.
- 3. Prior to using LILLY ENGINEERING products, please read and understand the warranty terms and disclaimers noted in the specified catalogue for the particular products.

Compliance Requirements

- The use of LILLY ENGINEERING products with production equipment for the manufacture of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) or any other weapon is strictly prohibited.
- 2. The exports of LILLY ENGINEERING products or technology from one country to another are governed by the relevant security laws and regulations of the countries involved in the transaction. Prior to the shipment of a LILLY ENGINEERING product to another country, assure that all local rules governing that export are known and followed.





1-3 Precautions

Be sure to read before handling.

Operation



Warning

- 1. Do not operate the positioner outside the specified range as this may cause problems. (Refer to the specifications.)
- 2. Design the system to include a safety circuit to avoid the risk of danger should the positioner suffer failure.
- 3. Be sure that exterior lead-in wiring to the terminal box is based on the guidelines for explosion-protection of manufactory electric equipment when being used as a flame proof, explosion proof construction.
- 4. Do not remove terminal cover in a hazardous location while the power is on.
- 5. Covers for the terminal and body should be in place while operating.
- 6. When using as an intrinsically safe explosion-proof product, do not wire in a hazardous location while the power is on.



Caution

- 1. Do not touch the actuator or valve's oscillating section when supply pressure has been added, as this is dangerous.
- 2. Make sure fingers do not get caught when mounting and aligning the cam.

 Cut off the pressure supply and always release the compressed air inside the positioner and actuator before performing this work.
- 3. Always use with the body cover unit mounted.
 - Moreover, the positioner may not meet degrees of protection IP66 depending on the body cover mounting conditions. In order to meet degrees of protection IP66, tighten threads using the proper tightening torques (2.8 to 3.0 N·m).
- 4. Always flush the pipe's inside before piping to ensure foreign objects such as machining chips do not enter the positioner.
- 5. The actuator opening may become unstable when using the booster relay.
- Always use a ground connection to prevent noise from the input current and to prevent damage because of static electricity.
- 7. Use the pressure reading on the supplied pressure gauge as an indication.
- 8. The supplied pressure gauge's needle will malfunction if the pressure supply to the internal mechanism or positioner freezes. Ensure that the pressure gauge's internal parts do not freeze if using the pressure gauge in an operating environment with an ambient temperature of less than 0°C.

For users



Caution

1. Assemble, operate and maintain the positioners after reading the operation manual tho-roughly and understanding the content.





1-4 Precautions

Be sure to read before handling.

Handling



Caution

- 1. Avoid excessive vibration or impact to the positioner body and any excessive force to the armature, as these actions may cause damage to the product. Handle carefully while transporting and operating.
- 2. If being used in a place where vibration occurs, using a binding band is recommended to prevent broken wires because of the vibration.
- 3. When exposed to possible moisture invasion, please take the necessary measures. For example, if the positioner is left onsite for long periods, a plug should be put in the piping port and a body cover unit fitted to avoid water penetration.
 - Take measures to avoid dew condensation inside the positioner if exposed to high temperature and humidity. Take enough measures against condensation especially when packing for export.
- 4. Keep magnetic field off the positioner, as this affects its characteristics.

Air Supply



Caution

- 1. Use only dehumidified and dust extracted clean compressed air as the air supply.
- 2. Use only dehumidified and dust extracted clean compressed clean air as the positioner contains extra fine orifices such as restrictor and nozzle.

Do not use a lubricator.

- 3. Do not use compressed air containing chemicals, organic solvents, salinity or corrosive gases, as this may cause malfunction.
- 4. When operating below the freezing point, protect the positioner from freezing.

Operating Environment



Caution

- 1. Do not operate in locations with an atmosphere of corrosive gases, chemicals, sea water, or where these substances will adhere to the regulator.
- 2. Do not operate out of the indicated operation temperature range as this may cause damage to electronic parts and seal materials to deteriorate.
- 3. Do not operate in locations where excessive vibration or impact occurs.
- 4. If the body cover is being installed in a place where the body cover is exposed to direct sunlight, the use of a standard body cover without the LCD window is recommended.





1-5 Precautions

Be sure to read before handling.

Maintenance



Warning

1. After installation, repair or disassembly, connect compressed air and conduct tests to confirm appropriate function and leakage.

Do not use the positioner when noise from the bleeder sounds louder compared with the initial state, or when it does not operate normally. If these occur, check immediately if assembled and mounted correctly.

Never modify electrical construction to maintain explosion-proof construction.



Warning-Potential electrostatic charging hazard

- 1. The non-metallic parts incorporated in the enclosure of this equipment may generate an ignition capable level of electrostatic charge. Therefore particularly when it used for applications that specifically require Group IIC, EPL Ga equipment, the equipment shall not be installed in a location where the external conditions are conductive to the build-up of electrostatic charge on such surfaces. Additionally, the equipment shall only be cleaned with a damp cloth.
- 2. The enclosure contains aluminum and is considered to present a potential risk of ignition by impact or friction. Care must be taken during installation and use to prevent impact or friction. Particularly, it must not be used for applications that specifically require EPL Ga equipment.



Caution

- 1. The insulation between an intrinsically safe circuit and a frame of the equipment is not capable of withstanding a 500V dielectric strength test as defined in Cl.6.3.12 of EN 60079-11:2007. This shall be taken into account during installation.
- 2. The earthing of enclosure is necessary to maintain Intrinsic Safety because the insulation between an intrinsically safe circuit and a frame of the equipment is not capable of withstanding a 500V dielectric strength test. There are two earthing points on the equipment. One is provided as an internal earthing point inside rear cover of the equipment for attaching of a cable screen. The other is provided as an external earthing point on the left side of the enclosure. Their cross-sectional areas should be capable of carrying the maximum possible current of the equipment. (Generally, an insulated wire having a cross-sectional area of at least 4mm² is recommended) The cable should be fitted with a spilt ring lock washer to minimize the risk of self-loosening and is of suitable construction for securing of conductors of cross sections up to 4mm².



1. Introduction

The ZR1/ZL1 series is the intrinsically safe valve positioner that can be used with a control valve in a hazardous area (zone 0, 1) and operated by an electronic board and a relay torque motor with 4~20mA input signals @24VDC power supply.

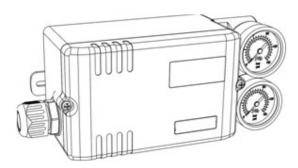


ightharpoonup Note that a power should be transmitted to the ZR1/ZL1 series though a safety barrier.

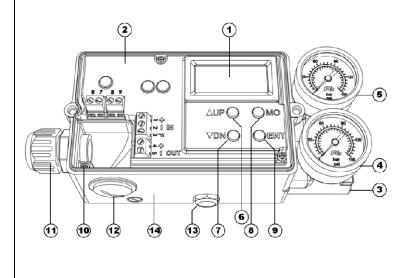
2. Overview of Structure

This product consists of the following parts.

- Electronic card comprised of microprocessor, HART modem and LCD
- Potentiometer for position feedback
- Gauge block



Descriptions of internal parts without cover.



No.	Description
1	LCD
2	Board cover
3	Gauge block
4	Supply air gauge
5	Out 1 gauge
6	▲UP, Up button
7	▼DN, Down button
8	MO, Mode button
9	ENT, Enter button
10	Ground
11	Cable gland
	(or blind plug)
12	Blind plug
12	(or cable gland)
13	Air venting hole
14	Body

3. Specifications

Input signal	4 - 20 mA @ 24 VDC		
Min. / Max. current	3.6 mA / 50mA		
Voltage drop (impedance)		8.7 VDC (435Ω (⊋ 20mA)
	Input	Ui=28, Ii=93mA, Pi=0	.651W, Ci≤23nF, Li =0
Intrinsic safety parameters	Output	Ui=28, Ii=93mA, Pi=0	.651W, Ci≤22nF, Li =0
	SPDT	Ui=28, Ii=93mA, Pi=0	.651W, Ci=0, Li =0
Operating angle/ stroke		Linear type: 5 - 1 Rotary type: 25 -	
Supply air pressure		1.4 - 7.0 bar	(20 - 100 psi)
Output pressure range		0 - 100% o	f supply air
Air flow capacity		$n = 4.8 \text{ Nm}^3/\text{h} = 2.8 \text{ sc}^3$ $n = 14 \text{ Nm}^3/\text{h} = 8.2 \text{ sc}^3$	· •
Air consumption	2.8 l/m	in = 0.17 Nm ³ /h = 0.1 s	scfm (Sup = 1.4 ~ 6 bar)
Characteristic	Linearity < ±0.3% F.S Sensitivity < 0.2% F.S Hysteresis < 0.2% F.S Repeatability < 0.2% F.S		
Operating characteristic	Linear, EQ%, Quick open, User set (17 points)		
LCD display	4-digit		
Response speed		1 - 1000 (Min.	1, Max. 1000)
Scan time		2 :	ms
Shut-off value		0 -	10%
Valve action		Direct acting (DA) /	reverse acting (RA)
Operating temperature		-40°C ~ +80°C	(-40 ~ +176°F)
Pneumatic connections	Rc 1/4 or NPT 1/4		NPT 1/4
Electrical connections	G 1/2, NPT 1/2 or M20 x 1.5		NPT 1/2
	ATEX / IECEx-certified intrinsically safe Ex ia IIC T6/T5, IP66		
Explosion proof / protection class	T6:-40 ~ +40°C, T5:-40 ~ +80°C		T5 : -40 ~ +80°C
protection class	Zone 1		Zone 0
Body material / painting	Aluminum die-cast / powder- painted Stainless steel 316		
	1.6 kg 3.9 kg		

^{*} For more than 200mm stroke on request



With Communication

Communication	-	HART	Profibus PA	Foundation Fieldbus
Input signal / Bus voltage	4 – 20 mA @ 24V DC		9 – 32	2V DC
Min. / Max. current	3.6 mA / 50mA			
Current consumption	-		15 mA	16 mA
Voltage drop (impedance)	8.9V DC 9.4V DC (445Ω @ 20mA)			



Note that the Profibus PA and Fieldbus communication option is not available for an intrinsic safety application.

3.1. Specifications for Profibus PA Communication

Profiles	PROFIBUS Profile for Process Control Devices Version 3.02	
Block types	1 Al Function Block 1 AO Function Block 2 Dl Function Block 1 Transducer Block 1 Physical Block	
Physical layer	In compliance with IEC 61158-2	
Transmission rate	31.25 kbit/s	
Supply voltage	Bus-powered : 9 ~ 32V DC	
Max. permissible voltage	35V DC	
Power consumption	15 mA	
Physical device tag	SSPA	
PNO ID number	0x0E19	
Bus address	Between 0 and 126, default bus address 126	
Certification No.	Z01802	
Revision	1.0;SW/FW:01.00;HW:01.00	
GSD	PWGX0E19.GSD, File Version: 5.0 pa139710.gsd	



Power supply for Profibus PA communication

① The Z Series Positioner should be bus-powered via the Fieldbus connected to

the bus terminals 1(+) and 2(-).

- When connecting a power source for test purposes without establishing a bus communication (e.g. when executing the auto-calibration function), a supply voltage between 9V DC and a maximum of 32V DC can be applied.
- ③ Do not run bus/signal lines close to power lines. Power lines produce interference in their near vicinity which may affect the electrical capabilities of the bus/signal lines.
- Always use shielded cables conforming to the standards for the bus lines, to ensure electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). When running the positioner with options (4-20mA output feedback, 24VDC software limit switches) use shielded cables for these modules as well. All cable shields must be kept as short as possible and have to be connected to protective ground on both sides (use the grounding screw in the Z Series Positioner connection compartment).
- (§) Keep the case closed. Otherwise, the positioning action may be affected through EMI, resulting in a permanent positioning error, especially when the auto-calibration function is performed with the case open.

3.2. Specifications for Fieldbus Communication

Specification	Foundation [™] Fieldbus Version 2.0		
Physical layer	Model 113,121 (IEC 61158-2)		
Transmission rate	31.25 kbit/s		
Supply voltage	Bus-powered : 9 ~ 32V DC		
	2 Al Function Block		
	1 AO Function Block		
Block types	2 DI Function Block		
	1 Transducer Block		
	1 Physical Block		
Max. execution time	AO block: 31.25 milliseconds		
Supply voltage	Power feed from the fieldbus: 9 ~ 32V DC		
Max. permissible voltage	36V DC		
Power consumption	16 mA		
Certificate	FF Conformance Test ITK 6.1.1		
Device name	PG-SS Positioner		
Dev. ID	0003460001_PG-SS_XXXXXXXX		
Unit address	Between 10 and 27, default address 247		
Class	LM profile 32L, 31PS		
	The PG-SS positioner is not delivered in an aligned state. To adjust		
Factory default	the operating range and control parameters, an automatic		
	configuration must be run on the unit. Otherwise, the transducer		



	block remains in out-of-service mode.
Diagnostic functions	Self-diagnostics for the PG-SS Positioner hardware and software,
Diagnostic functions	valve diagnostics with enhanced alarm handling

4. Part Numbering System

Ordering Information: ZR1 (Rotary) • ZL1 (Linear)

1) Series	2) Enclosure	3) Communication	4) Output
ZR1 - Model	W - Weatherproof - IP66	4 - 2-20mA Input Only	N - None
		<i>H</i> - Hart	S - 2 SPDT Limit Switches
		P - Profibus	T - 4-20 mA
		F - Foundation Fieldbus	

1) Series	2) Enclosure	3) Communication	4) Output
ZL1 - Model	W - Weatherproof - IP66	4 - 2-20mA Input Only	N - None
		<i>H</i> - Hart	S - 2 SPDT Limit Switches
		P - Profibus	T - 4-20 mA
		F - Foundation Fieldbus	



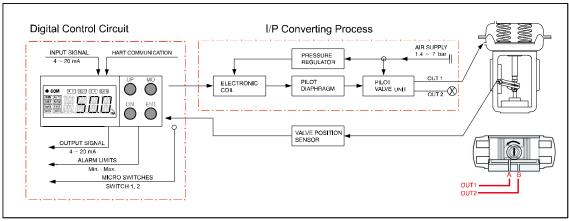
5.

5.1. Descriptions on Nameplate



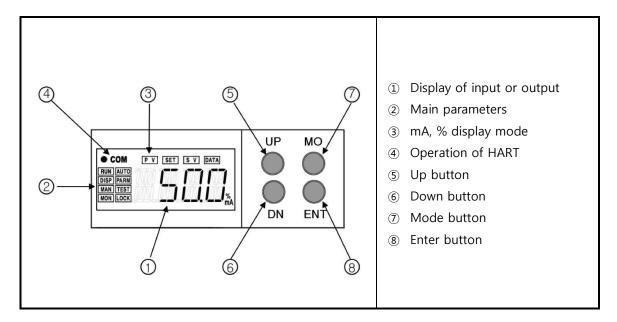
- · Model No.: shows the model and the part number selected.
- ·· Input signal: shows 4 20mA input signal with 2-wire.
- · Ambient Temp.: shows the operating ambient temperate range.
- · Serial No. / Date: shows the serial number and the production date.
- Input Ui , Ii, Ri, Pi, Li, Ci : Intrinsic safety electrical parameters for input
 Output Ui , Ii, Ri, Pi, Li, Ci : Intrinsic safety electrical parameters for output
 Limit Ui , Ii, Ri, Pi, Li, Ci : Intrinsic safety electrical parameters for limit switches
- · Protection class: shows the explosion proof classifications and approvals.
- ·· Certificate No: shows the certification number.

6. Principle of Operation



If 4-20 mA input signal is supplied, the micro-processor compares input signal with position feedback and sends control signal to the I/P converting module. Pneumatic signal from the I/P converting module operates the valve and the valve stays at the desired position.

7. Descriptions of LCD display and Buttons



Press "Mode" button for 5 seconds • Quick auto-calibration	
Press "Up(▲)" button for 5 seconds	GROP-gain adjustment
Press "Down(▼)" button for 5 seconds	Span adjustment
Press "Enter" button	• Ambient temperature (°C)

① Display of input or output	• mA, %
② Main parameters	MODE \leftrightarrow RUN \leftrightarrow DISP \leftrightarrow MAN \leftrightarrow MON \leftrightarrow AUTO
③ Display mode	• Selection of mA, % or in reverse way with values shown (Ex. Reverse : 20% shown → 80% shown)
④ HART communication	HART communication
⑤ Up (▲)	• UP button
⑥ Down (▼)	DOWN button
⑦ MO (Mode)	Selection of running modeSelection of parameter group or parameter
8 ENT(Enter)	Save of setting values

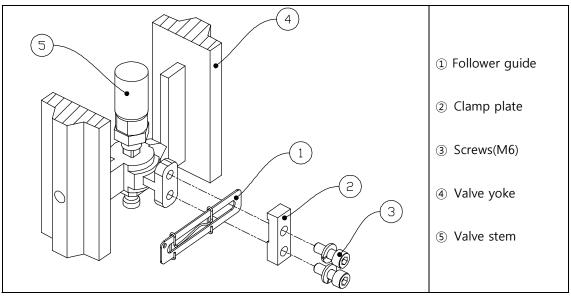
8. Installation



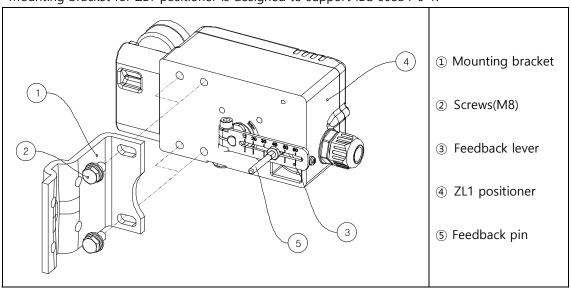
Be sure to install the air filter regulator before the positioner and check if a supply air pressure is enough to move the valve.

8.1. Mounting onto Linear Actuator

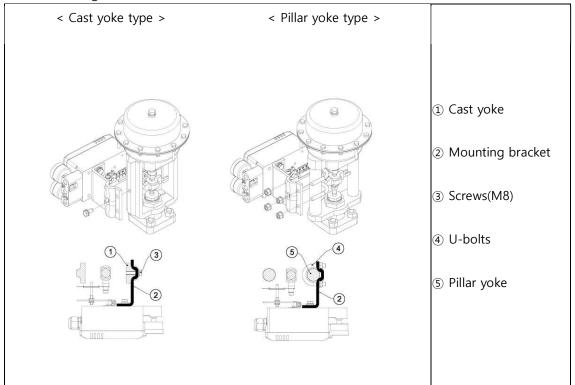
8.1.1. Installation of Follower Guide



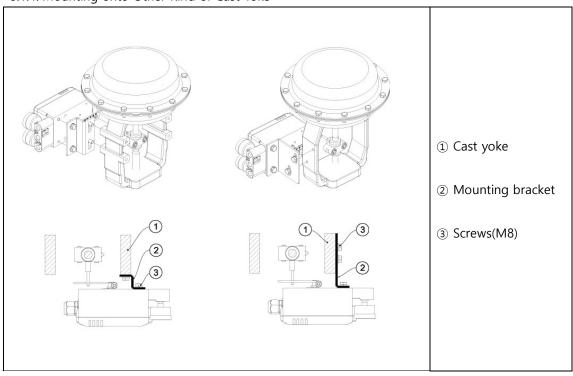
8.1.2. Installation of Feedback Lever and Mounting Bracket Mounting bracket for ZL1 positioner is designed to support IEC 60534-6-1.



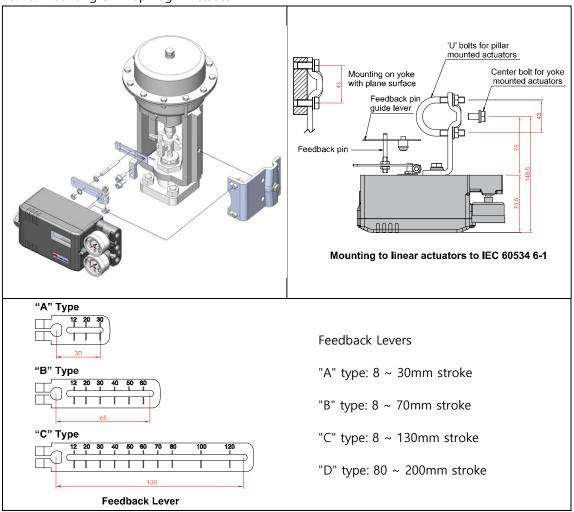
8.1.3. Mounting onto Cast Yoke or Pillar Yoke



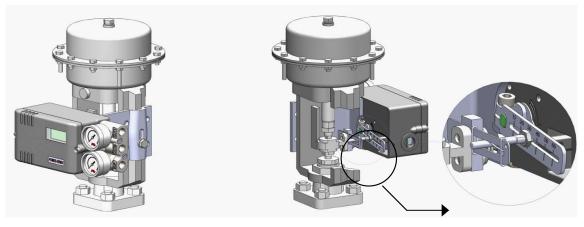
8.1.4. Mounting onto Other Kind of Cast Yoke



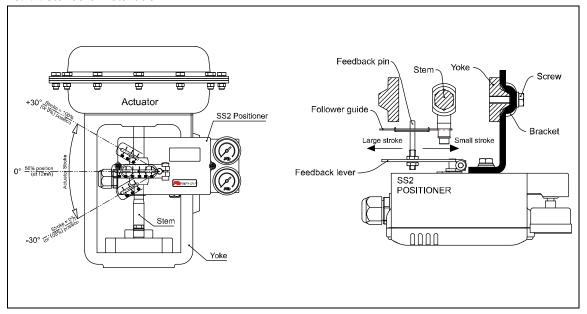
8.1.5. Mounting on Diaphragm Actuator



8.1.6. Installation of Feedback Pin Follower Guide



8.1.7. Standard Installation



- ① Supply air directly to the actuator, adjust the air filter regulator and set air when the valve reaches to 50% stroke.
- ② Install the feedback pin at around 30% higher point of the stroke indicated on the feedback lever than the required stroke of the control valve and fix with a screw tightly. For example,

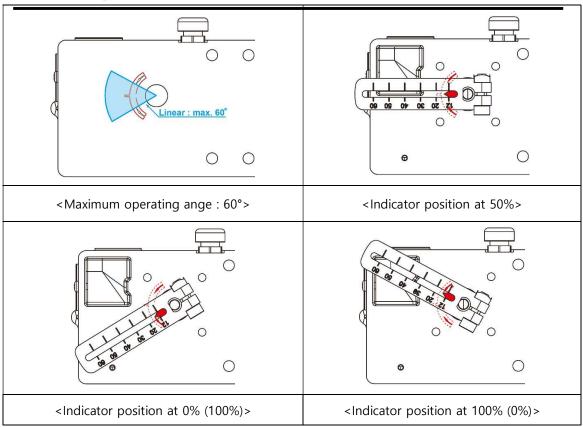
Control valve stroke	Stroke indicated on feedback lever
15mm	20mm
20mm	25mm
30mm	40mm

- ③ Install the feedback lever horizontally at 50% stroke position.
- 4 If the feedback lever is not installed horizontally, move the mounting bracket up and down little by little so that it can be positioned horizontally.
- (5) Fix the mounting bracket with screws (M8).
- 6 Connect air lines between the ZL1 positioner and the actuator and supply air to the positioner and perform auto-calibration by pushing Mode button for 5 seconds.
- \odot The operating angle from 0% to 100% stroke should be within the range of $\pm 30^\circ$. In case of the over-range of 30°, move the valve stem pin to left or right and make the ZL1 positioner stay within the operating angle of $\pm 30^\circ$.



Make sure that the ZL1 positioner works within the operating range of ±30°. See the below pictures. Otherwise, the error message of 'MONT' appears on LCD and the autocalibration process fails. Take action as advised in the above ② and get the ZL1 positioner feedback lever positioned horizontally at 12mA (50%).

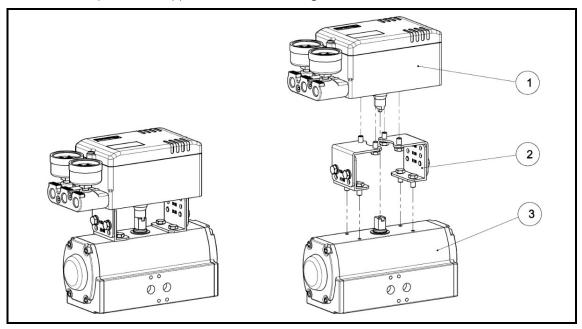






8.2. Mounting onto Rotary Actuator

8.2.1. The ZR1 positioner supports NAMUR mounting standard (VDI/VDE 3835, IEC 60534-6-2).

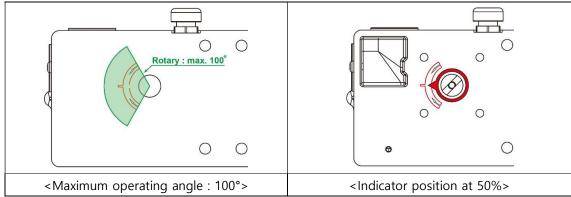


① ZR1 positioner

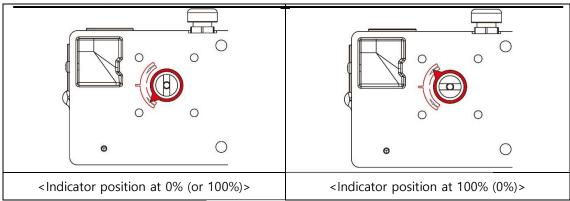
- 2 Multi-size bracket
- 3 Rotary pneumatic actuator
- (a) Assemble the multi-size bracket to the ZR1 positioner with 4 pcs M6 screw. The multi-size bracket is assembled for 80x30x20mm as standard at the factory. If you have other size bracket, see '7.2.4 Re-assembling Multi-size Bracket according to Rotary Actuator'.
- (b) Mount the ZR1 positioner onto the rotary pneumatic actuator with 4 pcs M5 screw.
- © Connect air lines between the ZR1 positioner and the rotary pneumatic actuator.
- @ Perform auto-calibration by pushing MODE button for 5 seconds.



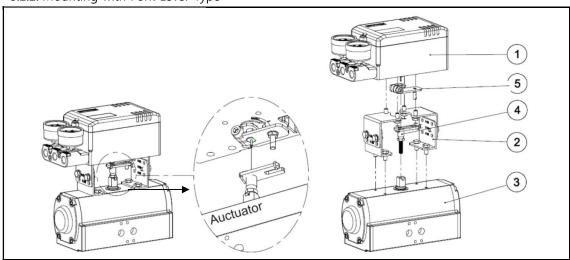
Make sure that the ZR1 positioner works within the operating range indicated on the bottom. See the below pictures. Otherwise, the error message of 'MONT' appears on LCD and the auto-calibration process fails.







8.2.2. Mounting with Fork Lever Type

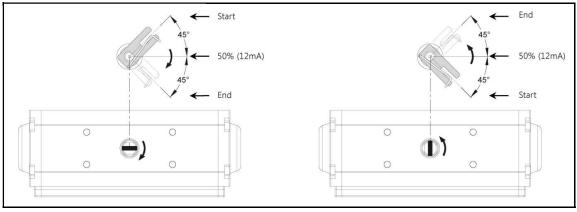


- ① ZR1 positioner
- ② Multi-size bracket
- 3 Rotary pneumatic actuator

4 Fork lever

5 Positioner feedback lever

8.2.3. Position of Fork Lever

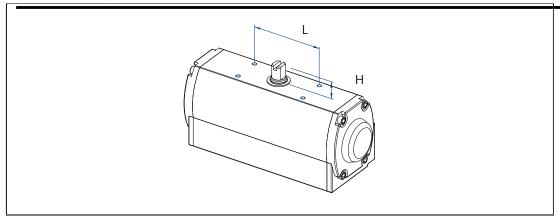


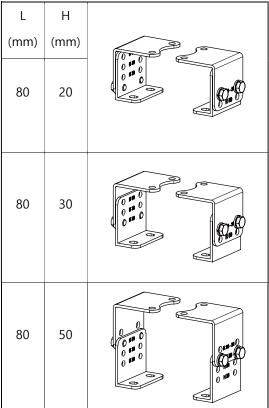
Clockwise movement

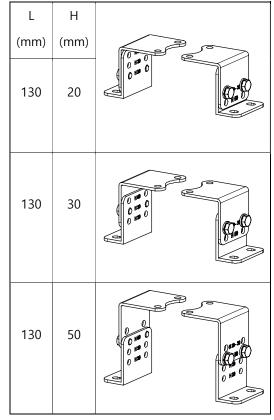
Counter-clockwise Movement

8.2.4. Re-assembling Multi-size Bracket according to Rotary Actuator











Check L and H on the actuator and re-assemble the multi-size bracket to fit your actuator mounting configuration.



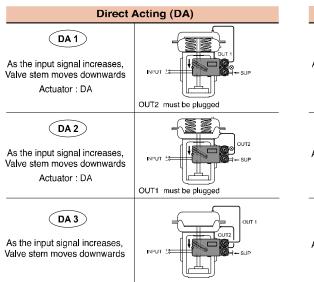
9. Air Connections

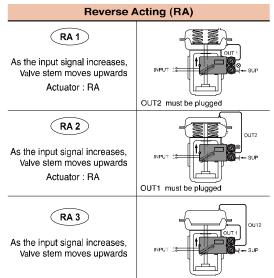
① Be sure to install the air filter regulator before the positioner.



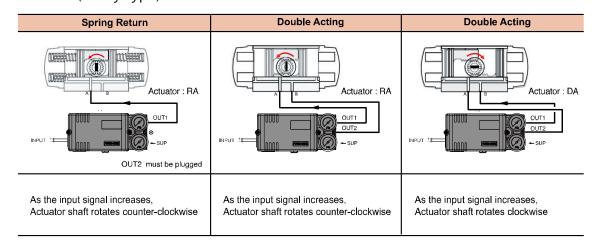
- ② Supply air should not contain water, oil or moisture.
- 3 It is recommended to set a supply air pressure 10% higher than the actual operating pressure of the actuator.

9.1. ZL1 (linear type)





9.2. ZR1 (rotary type)



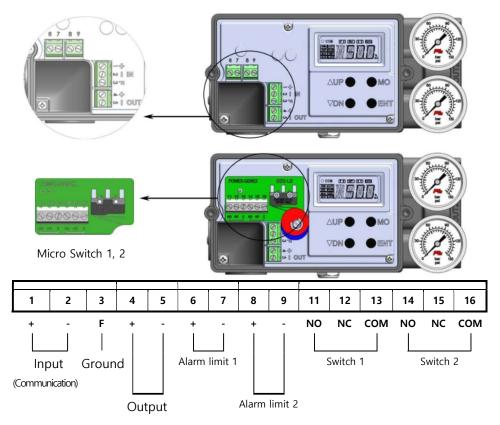
	Spring Return	Double Acting
Reverse Acting	Out1: piped, Out2: plugged	Out1: piped to Actuator port A, Out2: piped to Actuator port B
Direct Acting	Out1: plugged, Out2: piped	Out1: piped to Actuator port B, Out2: piped to Actuator port A

10. Electrical Connections



- ① Be sure to supply the rated voltage and current stated on this manual. Otherwise, it may cause a serious damage or malfunctions.
- 2 Check polarity of + and exactly and connect wires.
- 3 When it is necessary to open the positioner cover at a humid place, more attention is required. It may cause a serious damage or malfunctions.

10.1. Terminal Block



1	+ 4-20mA input signal		HART / Profibus
2	- 4-20m	A input signal	ProfibusPA / Fieldbus
3	Ground	d	
4	+ 4-20mA output signal		
5	- 4-20mA output signal		
6	+ Alarm limit 1		
7	- Alarm	limit 1	_
8	+ Alarm	limit 2	

9	- Alarm limit 2	
11	Switch 1 NO	
12	Switch 1 NC	
13	Switch 1 COM	
14	Switch 2 NO	
15	Switch 2 NC	
16	Switch 2 COM	

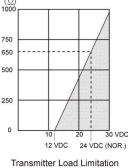
10.2. Measuring Output Signal

10.2.1. With mA loop calibrator



10.2.2. With multi-meter





Output signal 4 – 20mA, 2-wire

Power supply 12 – 30 VDC

Output current limit 30mA DC

Linearity ±0.75% F.S

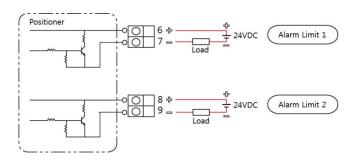
Operating temperature -20 ~ +80°C

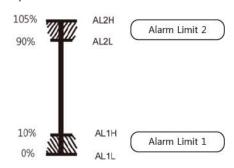
Position Transmitter Specifications

 \triangle

Zero and span of position feedback (4-20mA output signal) are set automatically during auto-calibration process.

10.3. Wiring Alarm Limits (only weatherproof to IP66)





Alarm Limit Factory Setting



24V DC should be supplied for alarm limits.

10.4. HART Connection



Note that wires for HART communication should be connected to terminals No. 1 and No. 2 together with wires for input signals. For reference, there is no distinction in + and – between HART wires.

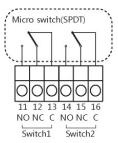
10.5. Profibus PA / Fieldbus Connection



Make sure of + and - when connecting wires.

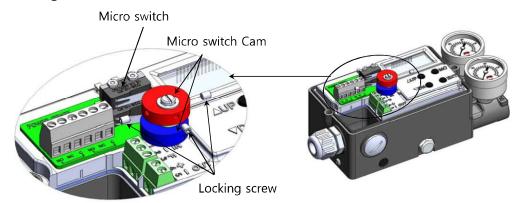


10.6. Wiring SPDT Micro Switches



Micro Switch Specifications			
Туре	SPDT		
Rating code	10.1A @ 250 VAC		
Operating temperature	-25 ~ +85℃		

10.7. Setting Micro Switches



After auto-calibration process, turn the micro switch cams clockwise slowly and check the contact points.

After checking the contact points of the micro switches at a desired position, fix with screws. For reference, upper switch 1: No. 11, 12, 13 / lower switch 2: No. 14, 15, 16.

10.8. Earthing

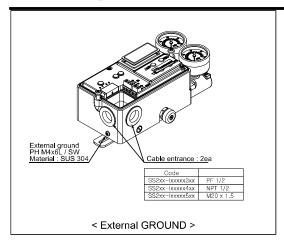


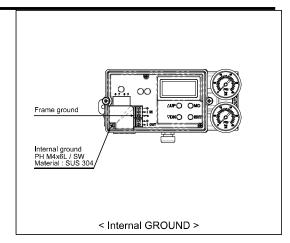
The earthing of enclosure is necessary to maintain Intrinsic safety because the insulation between an intrinsically safe circuit and a frame of the equipment is not capable of withstanding a 500V dielectric strength test. There are two earthing points on the equipment. One is provided ad an internal earthing point near terminal compartment inside the equipment. The other is provided as an external earthing point on the side of the enclosure.

Their cross-sectional areas should be capable of carrying the maximum possible current of the equipment. (Generally, an insulated wire having a cross-sectional area of at least 4mm^2 is recommended)

To be suitable for securing of conductors, the cables should be fitted with ring spring lock washers to minimize the risk of self-loosening.



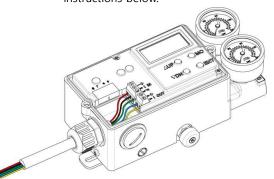


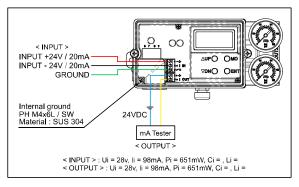


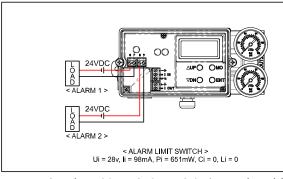
10.9. Wiring for Intrinsic Safety

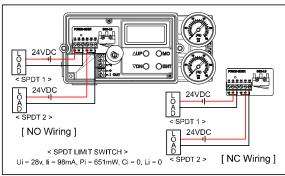


The ZL1 / ZR1 positioner is designed to meet the intrinsic safety standards of IEC/EN 60079-0, IEC/EN 60079-11, EN 13463-1, EN 13463-5. But the ZL1 / ZR1 positioner can be affected by the electrical or magnetic energy from other electric products. So please make a note of the instructions below.









Input signal: 4~20mA@ 24VDC 2wire [red(+), black(-)]

Frame Ground: Green

Output signal: 24VDC 2wire [blue(+), yellow(-)]

2 x Alarm limit switch: 24VDC 2 x SPDT limit switch: 24VDC

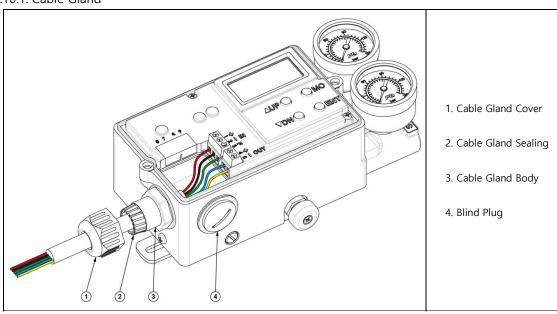
- ① Distinguish the intrinsic safety circuit and the non-intrinsic safety circuit, and separate the intrinsic safety circuit from other electrical circuit.
- 2 Install the proper safety device to block the static or electromagnetism.
- ③ If possible, minimize inductance and capacitance of wires. If the operating conditions are specified, try to keep inductance and capacitance as low as possible.
- 4 Protect wires from the external damage.
- ⑤ Ground in order to meet the operating regulations of the installation area.



- ① The electronic card and the internal coils can be damaged in case of the input signals improper to the specifications of the ZL1 / ZR1 positioner.
- ② The ZL1 / ZR1 positioner doesn't work in case of a wrong connection of '+' and '-'. Be sure to check the proper terminals before connection.
- 3 Ground internally and externally, if possible.
- Try to keep the intrinsic safety parameters of the ZL1 / ZR1 positioner as low as possible.(Ui, Ii, Ci, Li)
- (5) Be sure to install the safety barrier between the ZL1 / ZR1 positioner and a power supply source.

10.10. Cable Gland / Blind Plug

10.10.1. Cable Gland



- 1. The cable gland is installed as above before delivery. Change the positions of the cable gland and the blind plug for installation on other side.
- 2. Turn the cover of the cable gland counter-clockwise to open, and insert wires.
- 3. Connect wires to terminals and tighten the cable gland.





- ① Use the cable with diameter of Max. Ø 12.5 to Min. Ø 9.
- ② Be sure to disconnect a power supply before the above process.

10.10.2. Blind Plug

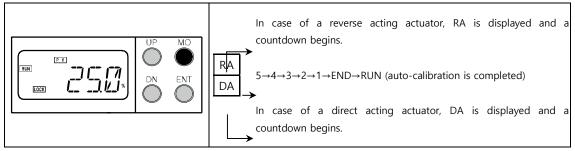
- ① Use the blind plug for the cable entry not used.
- ② Install or dis-install the blind plug with the "-" screw driver.



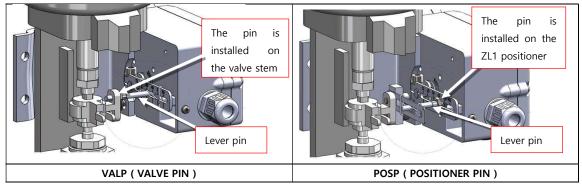
11. Quick Auto-Calibration

11.1. Quick Auto-Calibration

Supply 4-20mA input signal and push the MODE button for 5 seconds, the auto-calibration process will start.



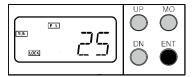
- ① It may take a longer time according to sizes of the control valve and the actuator. Generally, it will take 2-3 minutes with the standard size valve and actuator.
- ② If "MONT" is shown with the linear type ZL1 positioner during an auto-calibration process, please make sure that the feedback lever is positioned horizontally at 50% open or close (See 11.4.6). Otherwise, please mount the ZL1 positioner again.
- In case of the linear type ZL1 positioner, "VALP / POSP" is shown as below. Please choose either VALP or POSP within 6 seconds by pushing the UP/DN button. Otherwise, "VALP" is set as standard.





Note that if there is a difference between a selection of "VALP" or "POSP" and an actual installation of pin, it may cause a poor linearity.

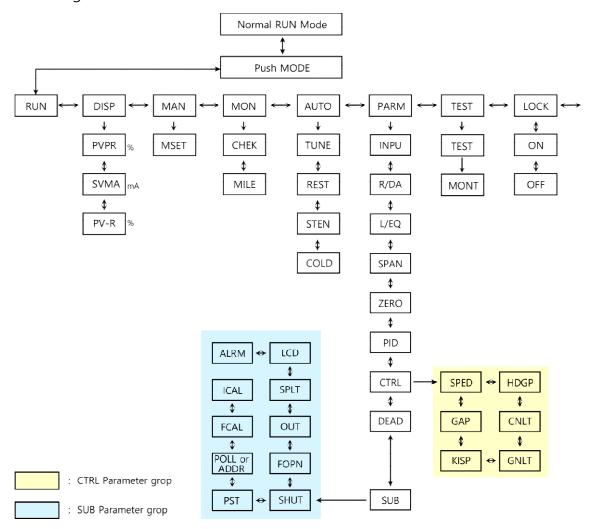
11.2. Checking the Ambient Temperature



Keep pushing ENTER button, an ambient temperature surrounding the positioned will appear. Note that this ambient temperature appears only while pushing ENTER button.

12. Description of Parameters Flow

12.1. Diagram of Parameters





Note that the PST function (Partial Stroke Testing) is loaded at the factory on demand only when requested.



12.2. Main Parameters

Ref.	Parameter	Description	Function	
	DISP	DISPLAY	changes the LCD display mode	
	PVPR	PV % value	shows the current position by %	
11.4.2 SVMA	SVMA	Input signal mA value	shows the input signal by mA	
PV-R		PV % value (reversed value)	shows the current position by % in a reverse way (Ex. PVPR – $10\% \rightarrow PV-R - 90\%$)	
Ref.	Parameter	Description	Function	
44.4.2	MAN	MANUAL	operates the valve manually	
11.4.3	MSET	MANUAL-SET	operates the valve manually	
Ref.	Parameter	Description	Function	
	MON	MONITOR	checks the current status of the positioner	
11.4.4	CHEK	ERROR CHEK	checks the errors occurred to the positioner	
	MILE	Runtime	checks the total valve runtime	
ъ (Function	
Ref.	Parameter	Description	Function	
кет.	Parameter AUTO	Description AUTO-SET	Function performs auto-calibration and return to the factory settings	
		·	performs auto-calibration and return to the factory	
нет. 11.4.5	AUTO	AUTO-SET	performs auto-calibration and return to the factory settings	
	AUTO TUNE	AUTO-SET Auto-calibration	performs auto-calibration and return to the factory settings performs auto-calibration	
	AUTO TUNE REST	AUTO-SET Auto-calibration RESET	performs auto-calibration and return to the factory settings performs auto-calibration returns to the factory settings	
	AUTO TUNE REST STEN	AUTO-SET Auto-calibration RESET START - END	performs auto-calibration and return to the factory settings performs auto-calibration returns to the factory settings re-sets the position of Zero and Span	
11.4.5	AUTO TUNE REST STEN COLD	AUTO-SET Auto-calibration RESET START - END COLD START	performs auto-calibration and return to the factory settings performs auto-calibration returns to the factory settings re-sets the position of Zero and Span re-boots the positioner	
11.4.5 Ref.	AUTO TUNE REST STEN COLD Parameter	AUTO-SET Auto-calibration RESET START - END COLD START Description	performs auto-calibration and return to the factory settings performs auto-calibration returns to the factory settings re-sets the position of Zero and Span re-boots the positioner Function	
11.4.5 Ref. 11.4.6	AUTO TUNE REST STEN COLD Parameter PARM	AUTO-SET Auto-calibration RESET START - END COLD START Description Sub-parameters	performs auto-calibration and return to the factory settings performs auto-calibration returns to the factory settings re-sets the position of Zero and Span re-boots the positioner Function Please see the parameters on next page	

12.3. Parameters

12.3.1. Main Parameters

Ref.	Parameter	Description	Function	Default
11.5.1	INPU	Input signal	420mA or 204mA	420mA
11.5.2	R / DA	RA / DA	Reverse acting or direct acting	RA
11.5.3	L / E.Q	Characteristic	Linear, E.Q. % (1:25 or 1:50), Quick open or User set (17points)	Linear
11.5.4	SPAN	Span adjustment	0100%	100%
11.5.5	ZERO	Zero adjustment	099%	0%
11.5.6	PID	P-GN / I-GN / D-GN		Auto-set
11.5.7	CTRL	Control paraeters	See 11.3.2 CTRL	•
11.5.8	DEAD	Signal dead band	09.99%	0%
11.5.11	SUB	Sub-Parameters	See 11.3.3 SUB	•

12.3.2. CTRL - Parameters (speed control adjustment)

Ref.	Parameter	Description	Function	Default
11.5.7.A	SPED	Response speed	01000	1000
11.5.7.B	GAP	CONTROL GAP		AUTO
11.5.7.C	KISP			AUTO
11.5.7.D	GNLT	GAP LIMIT		AUTO
11.5.7.E	CNLT	CONTROL LIMIT		AUTO
11.5.7.F	HDGP	HARD / GRAPHITE		OFF

12.3.3. SUB - Parameter

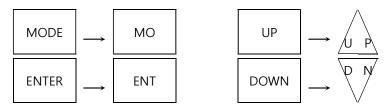
Ref.	Parameter	Description	Function	Default
11.5.9.A	SHUT	Shut-off	09.9%	0.3%
11.5.9.B	FOPN	Full-open	09.9%	0.3%
11.5.9.C	OUT	Output signal	420mA or 204mA	420mA
11.5.9.D	SPLT	Split range	412mA or 1220mA	420mA
11.5.9.E	LCD	Change of display position	FOR / REV	FOR
11.5.9.F	ALAM	Alarm limit low, high	AL1L / AL1H, AL2L / AL2H	010%, 90105%
11.5.9.G	ICAL	IN4M / IN20	sets the values in accordance with 4~20mA input signals	Factory setting
11.5.9.H	FCAL	FB4M / FB20	sets the values in accordance with 4~20mA output signals	Factory setting
11.5.9.1	POLL	HART polling address	015	0
11.5.9J	PST	Partial stroke testing	checks a valve status	OFF
11.5.9.K	ADDR	PROFIBUS address	0125	126

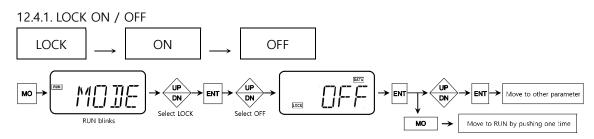


Note that the PST function (Partial Stroke Testing) is loaded at the factory on demand only when requested.

12.4. Setting of Main Parameters

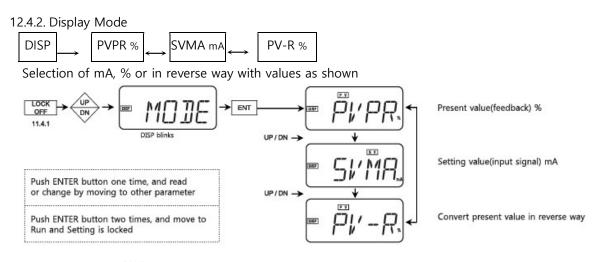
The following abbreviations will be used hereafter.







- ① LOCK ON : Saves all setting values.
- ② LOCK OFF : Be sure to LOCK OFF when it is necessary to read or change the selected parameters and the saved setting values.
- ③ Quick auto-calibration, Span, P-Gain can be carried out without LOCK Off (see "10. Quick Auto-calibration")





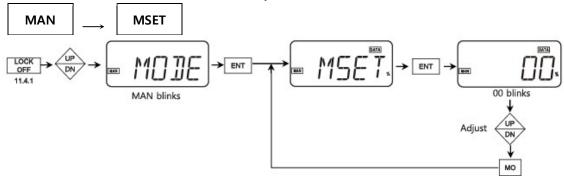


If PV-R is selected, the small point will blink as shown to the left.

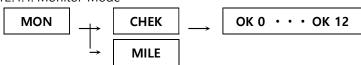
Present value(PV) or setting value(SV) is displayed with mA or %. Setting value stands for input signal. If a control valve is a direct acting type and it is necessary to see the feedback values in a reverse way, select PV-R.

12.4.3. Manual Mode (default: 0)

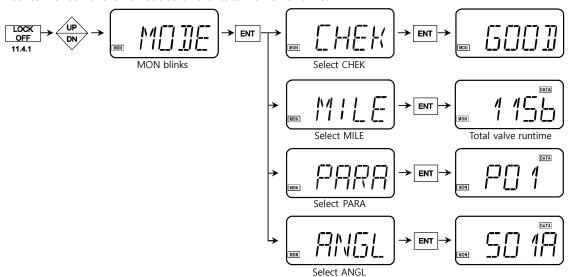
The valve can be moved to 0 - 100% manually.



12.4.4. Monitor Mode



You can check the error codes and a total valve runtime.





Number 1 in MILE corresponds to 10 hour. For example, if 1156 appears, it means that this valve has been working for 11,560 hours.

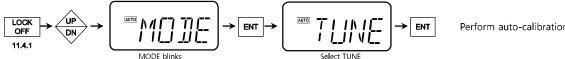


12.4.5. Auto-Calibration Mode



If necessary, initialize all setting values to the original values set after auto-calibration or return them to the factory setting values.

12.4.5.A. Performing Auto-Calibration

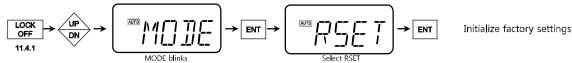




- ① Reverse acting (RA) is a standard factory setting. Even if air lines are connected wrongly by mistake, the Z Series Positioner detects automatically and performs auto-calibration for direct acting (DA).
- ② If the actuator doesn't work with 4-20mA input signal properly, change air lines of OUT1 and OUT2 with each other and perform auto-calibration again.
- ③ For a reverse acting type (RA), a countdown will begin like RA-5-4-3-2-1-END. For a direct acting type (DA), a countdown will begin like 5-RA-DA-4-3-2-1-END.

12.4.5.B. Initializing Setting Values (RESET)

All setting values return to the standard factory setting values.



12.4.5.C. Re-adjustment of Zero & Span (STEN)

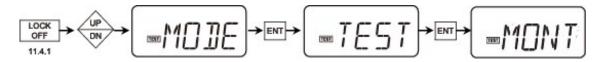
Only Zero and Span is re-set without changing other values set after auto-calibration.

12.4.5.D. COLD (Re-booting)

Restarts the program without changing any settings

12.4.6. Self-Test Mode

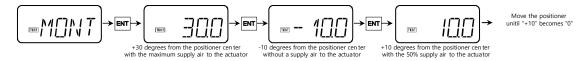






• The current valve mounting situation is shown. If the value is far away from 0, the valve will suffer from a poor linearity and hysteresis. Move the positioner and try to reach closer to 0 for the best linearity and hysteresis.

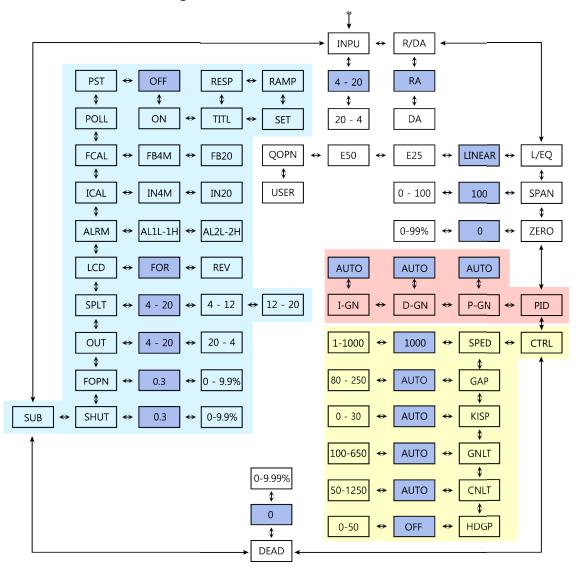
- How to set MONT



For information, on "MONT", the operating range $(0\sim10\text{k}\Omega)$ of the potentiometer is displayed.

- Step 1: Select MONT and push the ENT button one time, and the valve will be fully open or closed and also the actual valve position angle will be shown.
- Step 2: Push the ENT button one time, and the valve will be fully open or closed and also the actual valve position angle will be shown.
- Step 3: Push the ENT button one time, and the actual valve middle position angle will be shown. It shows the middle position angle between two ends (fully open and closed) measured through the above procedures of Step 1 and Step 2. Move the positioner upwards or downwards so that the valve position angle can reach closer to 0. And fix the mounting bracket tightly.

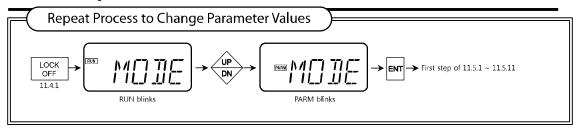
12.5. Parameters Flow Diagram



The colored cells stand for the standard factory settings.

All setting values return to the standard factory settings if RESET begins.

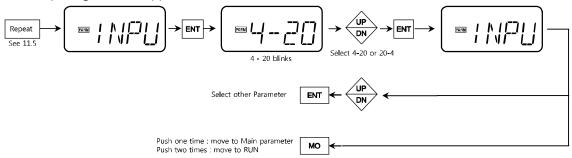




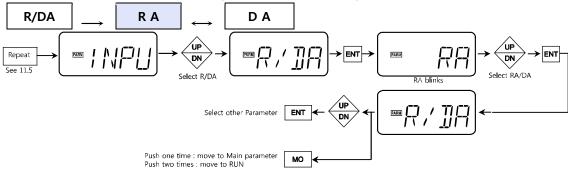
12.5.1. [INPU] Change of Input signal (default: 4-20mA)



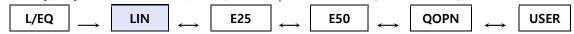
It is possible to make the positioner respond to 20-4mA input signals optionally even though 4-20mA input signals are supplied.



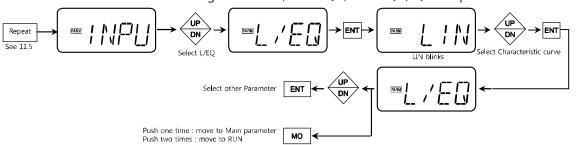
12.5.2. [R/DA] Selection of Direct Acting (DA) or Reverse Acting (RA) (default: RA)



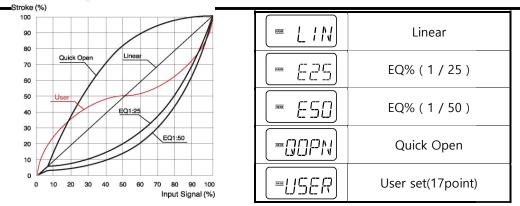
12.5.3. [L/EQ] Selection of Linear, E.Q.%, Quick Open or User Set (default: Linear)



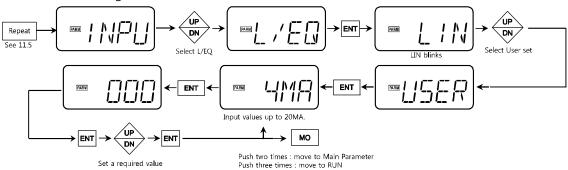
The valve characteristic can be changed to Linear, 1:25 EQ%, 1:50 EQ%, Quick Open or User Set.



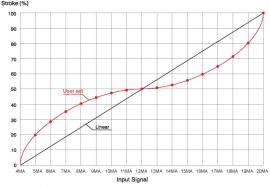


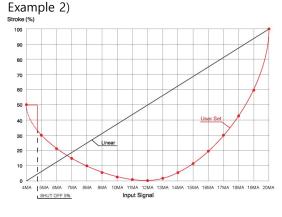


- For the user setting,



Example 1)





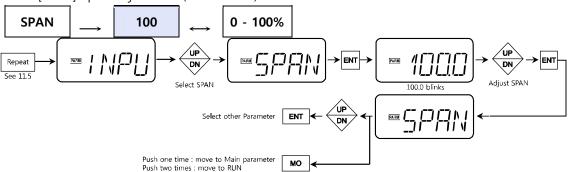
User Set Value			Ex-1	Ex-2
Point	Parameter	Input Signal (mA)	Valve Opening% (set value)	
1	4MA	4mA	0	50
2	5MA	5mA	20	30
3	6MA	6mA	29	20
4	7MA	7mA	35	15
5	8MA	8mA	40	10
6	9MA	9mA	45	6
7	10MA	10mA	48	4
8	11MA	11mA	49	2
9	12MA	12mA	50	0
10	13MA	13mA	51	3
11	14MA	14mA	52	7
12	15MA	15mA	55	11
13	16MA	16mA	60	20
14	17MA	17mA	65	30
15	18MA	18mA	71	43
16	19MA	19mA	80	60
17	20MA	20mA	100	100

NOTES

- 1. This user setting has a linear characteristic as standard.
- 2. 5MA means % corresponding to 5mA.
- 3. Input all 4MA to 20MA for a required user set characteristic curve.

If Shut Off option is set, the set value at 4mA is maintained during interval of the Shut Off setting value as shown in Example 2).
 The curve goes according the user set value after interval of the Shut Off setting value. (0.3% is the default value of Shut Off.)
 As Shut-Off is set to 5% in Example 2), the curve maintains by 50% from 4 to 4.8mA and moves forward according to the user set.

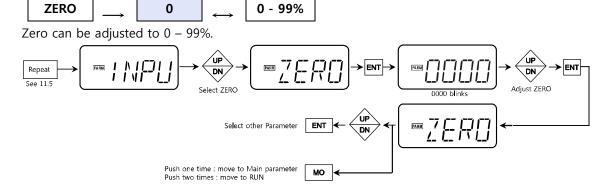
12.5.4. [SPAN] Span Adjustment (default: 100)

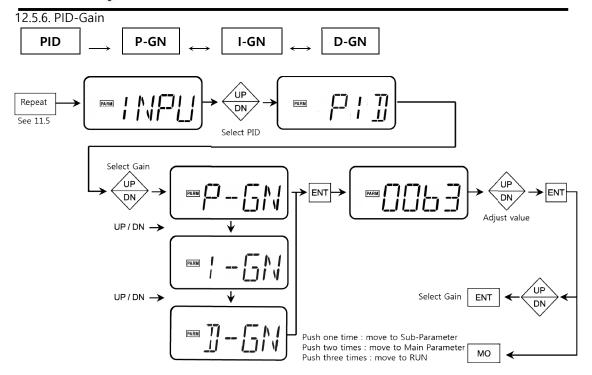




- 1) Be sure to supply 20mA input signal before adjusting SPAN.
- ② Push ▼ DN button one time, Span will decrease by 0.1%. Keep pushing ▼ DN button, Span will decrease fast.
- ③ For a quick Span setting, push ▼ DN button for 5 seconds. (see 10.2)

12.5.5. [ZERO] Zero Adjustment (default: 0)





12.5.6.A. P-Gain (Proportional Gain)



The micro-processor calculates P-Gain value during auto-calibration process in consideration of sizes of the valve and the actuator. If a hunting problem happens, decrease P-Gain value. If an oscillation problem happens, increase P-Gain value. P-Gain values are different according to the working conditions. In case of a small actuator, increase or decrease 5 to 10. In case of a big actuator, increase or decrease by 20 to 30.

12.5.6.B. I-Gain (Integral Gain)



As I-Gain is set automatically during auto-calibration process, it is not necessary to change manually.

12.5.6.C. D-Gain (Differential Gain)



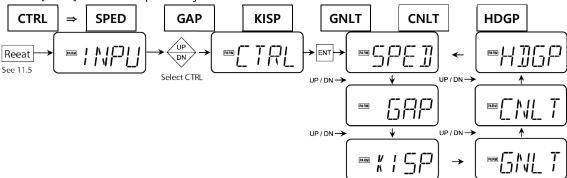
As D-Gain is set automatically during auto-calibration process, it is not necessary to change manually.





- ① Push MO button one time in order to move to ten figures or hundred figures.
- ② For a quick P-Gain setting, push UP button for 5 seconds. (see 10.3)

12.5.7. [CTRL] – Control Speed Adjustment



12.5.7.A. [SPED] – Response Speed Adjustment (default: 1000)

This is to adjust the response speed of the actuator. (Min: 1, Max: 1000)

This is to secure a more stable control by adding more PID values.



12.5.7.C. [KISP] – kl-Gain Speed(default: 100)

As KSIP is set automatically during auto-calibration process, it is not necessary to change manually.

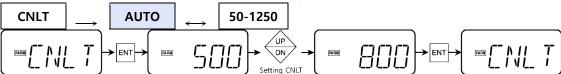
12.5.7.D. [GNLT] – Gap Control Limit (default: automatically-set)

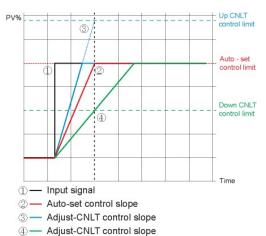


GNLT is to control a whole operating range. If the valve comes within ±3% of input signal, GNLT works with 1/2 value of CNLT for a safer control. In case that a hunting or oscillation problem happens around the position related to the input signal, a safer control can be accomplished by lowering GNLT.



12.5.7.E. [CNLT] – Control Limit (default: automatically-set)



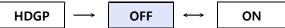


CNLT is to limit a control range and set automatically during an auto-calibration process. When 0% - 100% input signal is supplied, a recognition range of the positioner is settled according to CNLT.

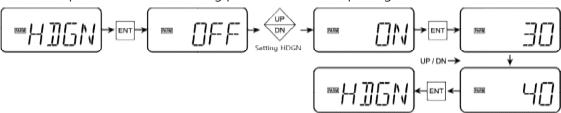
If CNLT is increased as shown in Graph 3, a control speed can become faster but a hunting problem can happen. If CNLT is decreased as shown in Graph 4, a control speed can become slower but the positioner works more stably.

CNTL can be adjusted by 100.

12.5.7.F. [HDGP] – In case of a hard packing friction (default: Off)



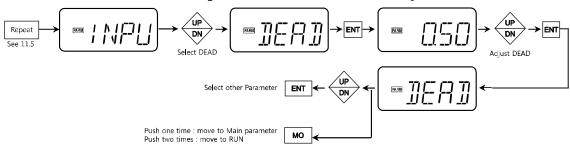
HDPG is helpful to eliminate a hunting problem with a hard packing friction.



12.5.8. [DEAD] Setting of Dead Band (default: 0.5)



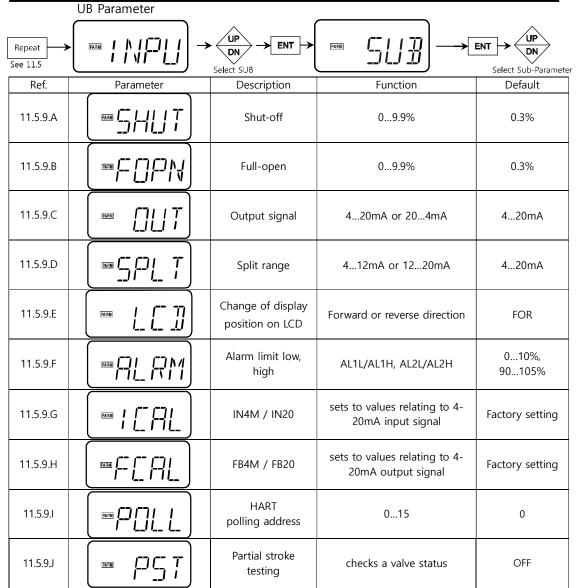
If there is a difference between Setting Value(SV) and Present Value(PV), adjust Dead Band to 0 - 9.99%.





0.5% is a standard factory setting. For reference, 0.50 corresponds to 0.5% and the maximum value is 9.99% (9.99).

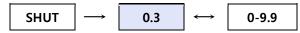




 \mathbb{N}

Note that the PST function (Partial Stroke Testing) is loaded at the factory on demand only when requested.

12.5.9.A. [SHUT] Valve Shut-off Control (default: 0.3)



It is a safety function to close a valve completely. And it is possible to change 0% to 9.9%. For reference, 0.1% means that the positioner responds to 0.016mA. Therefore, the standard value of 0.3% means that a valve is closed at 4.048mA completely.

12.5.9.B. [FOPN] Valve Full Open Control (default: 0.3)

The valve can be fully open manually. And it is possible to change 0% to 9.9%. For reference, 0.1% means that the positioner responds to 0.016mA. Therefore, the standard value of 0.3% means that a valve is fully open at 19.952mA.

12.5.9.C. [OUT] Setting of Output Signal (default: 4 - 20mA)

4 – 20mA is a standard factory setting. It's available to change to 20 – 4mA reversely.



12.5.9.D. [SPLT] Split Range Setting (default: 4-20)

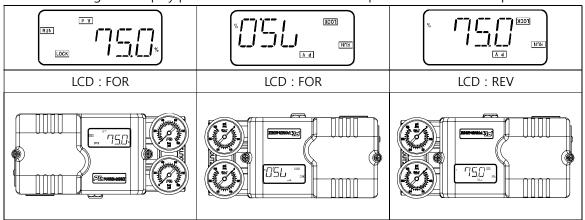
Split range can be set to 4-12mA or 12-20mA.



12.5.9.E. [LCD] Change of Display Position on LCD

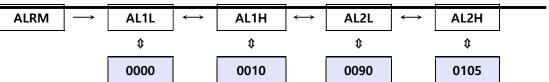


LCD is to change the display position on LCD in case that the positioner is installed upside down.



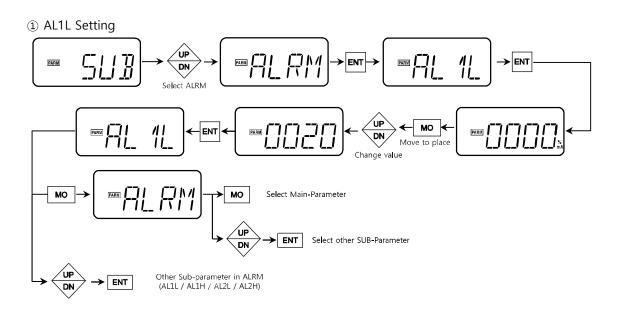
12.5.9.F. [ALRM] Setting of Alarm Limits (default: 0 – 10%, 90 – 105%)

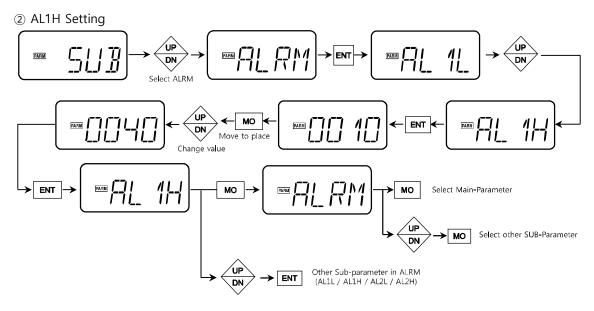




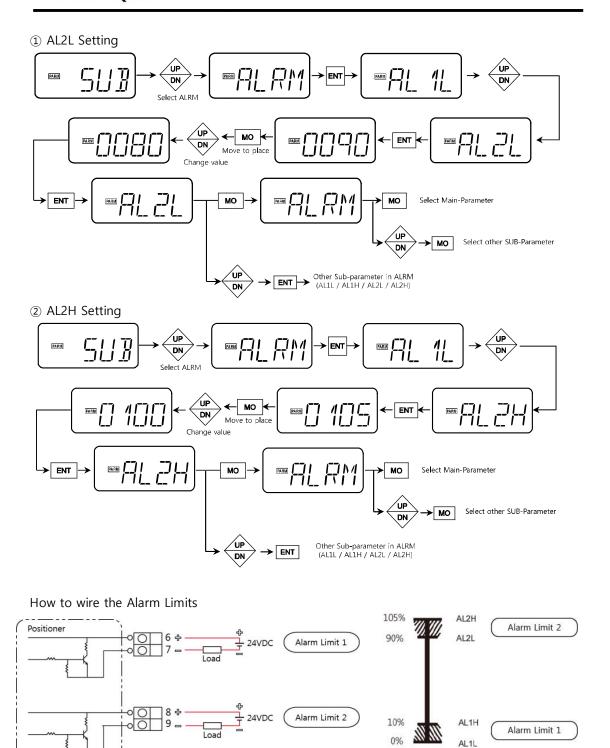
You can set an opening point or a closing point of a control valve. AL1 (L, H) is set to 0 - 10% and AL2 (L, H) is set to 90 - 105% from the factory as standard.

For example, see the below in order to re-set AL1 to 20 - 40% (AL1L = 20, AL1H = 40).





For example, see the below in order to re-set AL2 to 80 – 100%(AL2L = 80, AL2H = 100).



24VDC should be supplied for alarm limits.

12.5.9.G. [ICAL] – Setting of Input Signal (default: factory setting)

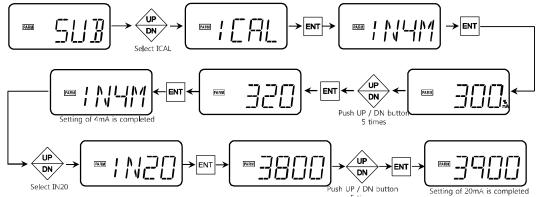
Alarm Limit Factory Setting





This is to match 4mA and 20mA input signals from a signal calibrator with the internal setting 0% and 100% of the positioner and save onto memory.

If 4mA output signal is measured as 4.2mA and 20mA output signal as 19.8mA with a signal calibrator on site, 4.2mA can be recognized as 0% and 19.8mA as 100% by re-setting with ICAL.



 \triangle

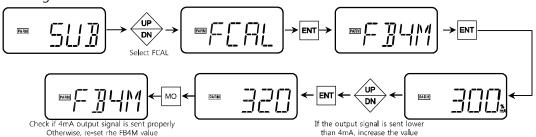
If ICAL is set at 4mA and 20mA, the middle output signals between 4mA and 20mA are set automatically. See [11.5.3 L/EQ] if it is necessary to change other characteristic curve.

12.5.9.H. [FCAL] – Setting of Output Signal (default: factory setting)

This is to re-set the 4 - 20mA output signals coming from the positioner.

The factory setting is that 4mA is sent at 0% and 20mA is sent at 100%.

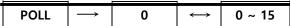
<Setting of FB4M>



<Setting of FB20>

12.5.9.I. [POLL] – HART Communication Polling Address (default: 0)





This is to select one of HART communication polling address (0 \sim 15) on site. The default address is "0".

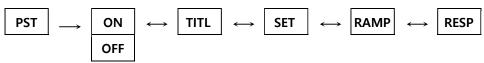


As an unexpected problem can happens during communication, try to select after disconnecting HART communication.

12.5.9.J. [PST] – Partial Stroke Testing (default: OFF)

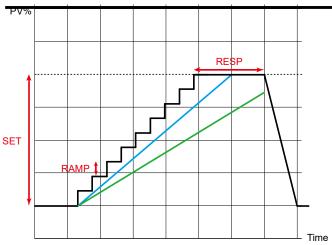


- 1. Note that the PST parameter (Partial Stroke Testing) is loaded onto the positioner at the factory before delivery ONLY on demand.
- 2. Do not activate the PST function if it is not intended to use.
- 3. Note that the PST function is deactivated after auto-calibration. So it's necessary to activate the PST function after auto-calibration.



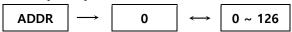
This is to move the valve periodically regardless of input signals and check the working status of valve and actuator.

TAM T T	- To set the partial stroke testing time interval. '0024' is a default value and it shows that the partial stroke testing works at every 24 hours. If the value is set to '0000', the partial stroke testing works at every 1 minute.	
FANN CT CT T	- To set the moving point by % during a testing period (default: 10%) - If the actual valve position is a higher than the 50% position, the positioner moves the valve to the lower direction. If the actual valve positioner is lower than the 50% position, the positioner moves the valve to the upper direction.	
	- To adjust a moving range per second (default: 1.0%/sec) - It's possible to select 1.0, 0.5, 0.25, 0.12, or 0.06% / sec.	
	- To adjust a waiting time until the valve follows after the test signal reaches a set position (default: '10' seconds)	
Even though the test result is shown as 'Good', if RESP is set too long, it can't be a good judgment information at next comparison. Also, the test result of 'Bad' shows that RESP is set too low. Adjust RESP again.		
	To show that the test result is good.	
FARM THE THE	To show that the test result is bad. It's necessary to check the working status of valve and actuator.	



- Partial stroke test signal
- "Good" valve action
- "Bad" valve action
- < Movement during Partial Stroke Testing>

12.5.9.K. [ADDR] - PROFIBUS Communication Address (default: 126)



This is to select one of PROFIBUS communication address (0 \sim 125) on site. The default address is "126".



13. Maintenance / Service

13.1. Preliminary Check Points

13.1.1. Voltage

- The positioner commonly requires 4-20mA @ 24VDC for operation.
- Voltage drop (impedance): Without HART 8.7VDC (435 Ω @ 20mA) With HART 9.4VDC (470 Ω @ 20mA)

13.1.2. Electrical Connections

Check polarities (+, -) of 4-20mA input signal definitely and make the electrical connections.

13.1.3. Pneumatic Connections (see 8.1, 8.2)

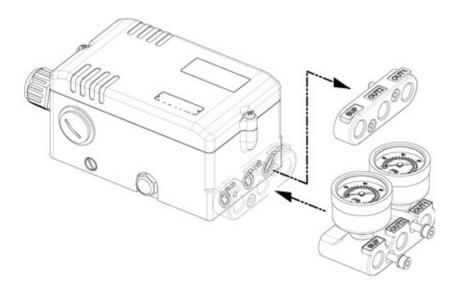
13.1.4. Supply Air Quality

A supply air should be definitely clean and compressed free of water, moisture or oil in conformance with IEC 770 and ISA-7.0.01.

13.2. Module Parts

- ① RTQ Coil Assembly (spare part No. 12)
- 2) Pilot Valve Assembly (spare part No. 5)
- 3 PCB Control Board Assembly (spare part No. 3)

13.3. Structure of Gauge Block





13.4. Re-setting of Potentiometer (spare part No. 14a, 14b)

It is necessary to adjust a setting of potentiometer as below when a gear position is moved due to user's carelessness. For reference, $0\sim10\mathrm{k}\Omega$ potentiometer is installed into the Z Series Positioner.

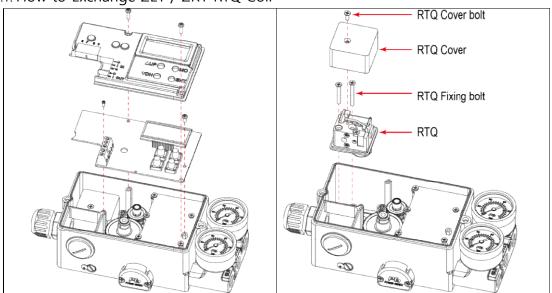
- ① Dis-install the electronic card from the Z Series Positioner and make the markings on two gears match with each other.
- 2 Move the feedback lever to 50% position and adjust a potentiometer so that it can reach nearly $5k\Omega$.
- 3 Re-install the Z Series Positioner onto the valve and re-perform auto-calibration.

13.5. Exchanging the Positioner Spare Parts.



- 1 Begin procedure after complete removal of supply air.
- 2 Re-start auto-calibration procedure after exchanging spare parts

13.5.1. How to Exchange ZL1 / ZR1 RTQ Coil



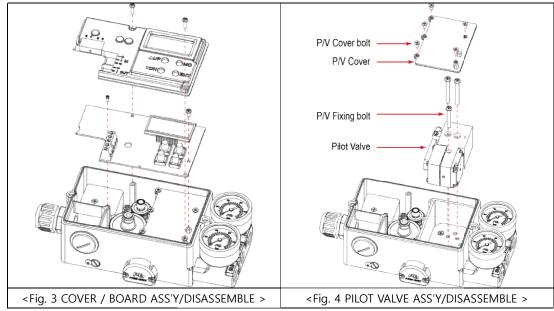
<Fig.1 COVER / BOARD ASS'Y/DISASSEMBLE >

<Fig. 2 RTQ ASS'Y/DISASSEMBLE >

- 1 Disassemble the positioner cover.
- 2 Disassemble bolts (2 pcs) holding the PCB-board cover (Diagram 1)
- 3 Disassemble bolts (2 pcs) holding the PCB-board (Diagram 1)
- Disassemble bolts (2 pcs) fastened on the positioner and disassemble 2 connectors(2 pins, 3 pins) connecting the positioner and the PCB-Board
- ⑤ Disassemble bolt (1pc) (Diagram 2) after removing the seal on RTQ cover bolts
- 6 Disassemble the fixing bolts (2 pcs) (Diagram 2) after removing the RTQ cover.
- 7 Disassemble the RTQ (Diagram 2)

- ® Re-assemble using the new RTQ by following above steps reversely.
- Re-start auto-calibration after completing assembly

13.5.2. How to Exchange ZL1 / ZR1 Pilot valve



- 1) Disassemble the positioner cover.
- ② Disassemble bolts (2 pcs) holding the PCB-board cover (Fig. 3)
- 3 Disassemble bolts (2 pcs) holding the PCB-board (Fig. 3)
- Disassemble bolts (2 pcs) fastened on the positioner and disassemble 2 connectors(2 pins, 3 pins) connecting the positioner and the PCB-Board
- ⑤ Disassemble the P/V cover bolts (6 pcs) (Fig. 4)
- 6 Disassemble the fixing bolts (3 pcs) after removing the P/V cover. (Fig 4)
- 7 Disassemble the pilot valve (Fig. 3)
- ® Re-assemble using the new pilot valve by following above steps reversely.
- Re-start auto-calibration after completing assembly

14. Troubleshooting

14.1. Error Codes and Recommended Actions

If the positioner doesn't work properly and DATA on LCD blinks, try to take action as below.

DATA blinks

OCOM PY SET SYDATA

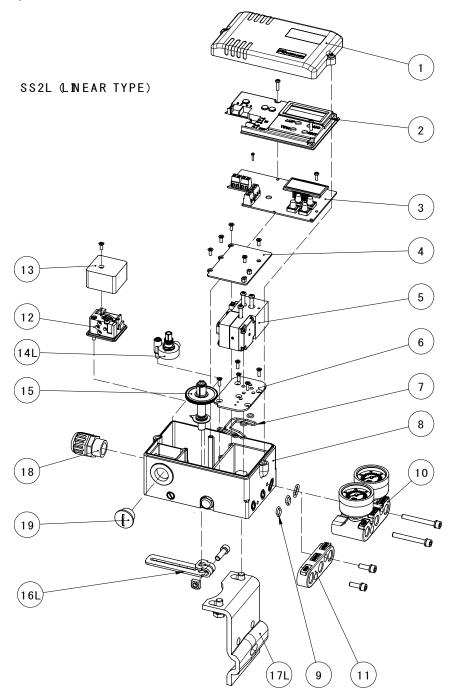
RUN AUTO DESP DATA

Error Code	Cause	Symptom	Action	
CMLO	Low input current (3.7mA)	Data on LCD are shown too dim or	Re-check 4 – 20mA input signals.	
СМНІ	High input current (20.5mA)	too bright.		
IGMI	Down Speed Long	Class and making	The actuator is too big.	
IGMX	Up Speed Long	Slow operation	Use the air volume booster.	
H/RX	HART Rx Error	HART signal failure	Re-set and re-connect will be done after 2.5 seconds, but it is necessary to check the communication system in case of a continuous error.	
MONT	Operating angle out of range	MONT is shown during step 4 and an auto-calibration process is finished without completion.	Re-install the ZL1 / ZR1 positioner.	
LOTT	Bias Low	The valve is not closed or moves slowly.	Loosen a valve packing.	
HITT	Bias High	The valve is not open or moves slowly.		
FBFT	Feedback error (0 - 1%)	PM00 is shown at step 4 and an auto-calibration is finished without completion.	Defectiveness of potentiometer socket contact or PCB board	
FBSM	Feedback error (2 - 9%)	The operating stroke is too small and the valve doesn't work smoothly.	Re-install the potentiometer and increase the operating angle of the feedback lever.	
BAD	PST error	BAD is shown.	Check the valve or increase the response time of PST.	
PONT	Potentiometer Error	Problem of potentiometer	Check the potentiometer (Potentiometer Ass'y, Board)	
RTQ	Coil Error	Problem of coil	Check the coil assembly.	



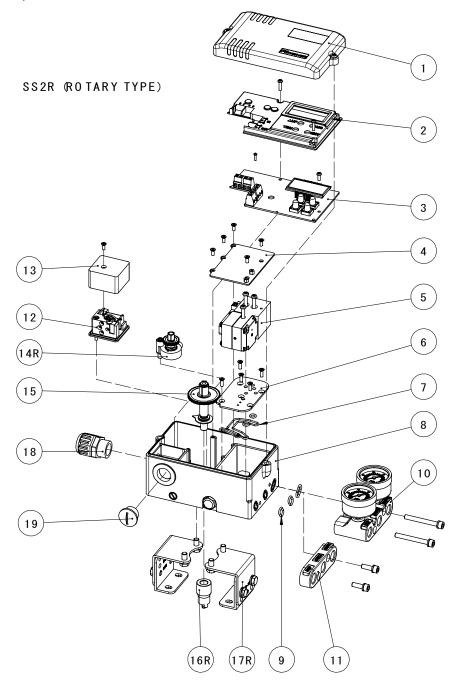
15. Spare Parts

15.1. ZL1 Spare Parts





15.2. ZR1 Spare Parts





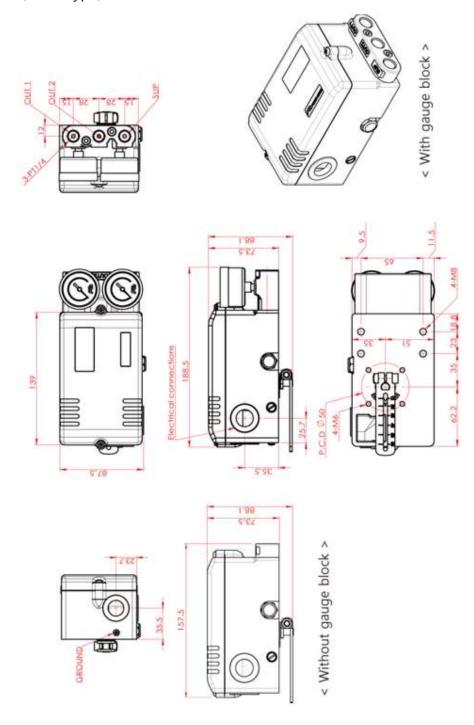
15.3. List of Spare Parts

No.	Part No.	Description
1	S2CO-01	ZR1/ZL1 cover
2	S2BO-03	PCB control board cover
3	BOARD-37	PCB control board module
4	S2BO-08	Pilot valve cover
5	PILOT VALVE-6	Pilot valve module
6	S2BO-06	Body air line cover
7	S2BO-07	Air line O-ring
8	S2BO-01	ZR1/ZL1 body
9	RUB-52	Gauge block O-ring P10
10	S2BO-02	ZR1/ZL1 gauge block (G)
11	S2BO-02N	ZR1/ZL1 block (N)
12	TQ-SS2&3	RTQ coil module
13	S2TQ-02	RTQ coil cover
14	S2BO-09	ZR1/ZL1 potentiometer bracket
15	GEAR-11, SH-36	ZR1/ZL1 main shaft & gear
16L	LEVER-05 ~ 08	ZR1/ZL1 feedback lever
16R	SH-38	ZR1/ZL1 &3 rotary feedback joint
17L	BR-12	ZR1/ZL1 &3 linear bracket
17R	BR-13,14	ZR1/ZL1 &3 rotary bracket
18	77	Cable gland PG16
19	79	Screw plug



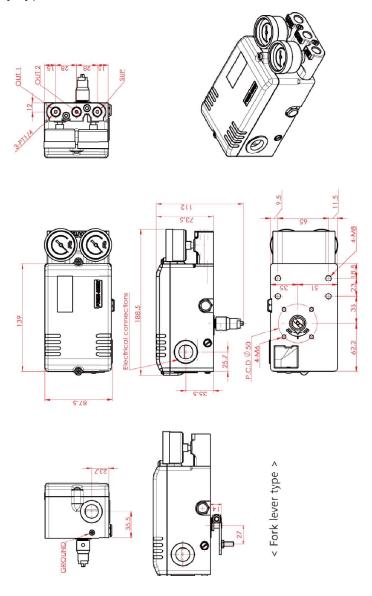
16. Dimensions

16.1. ZL1 (linear type)



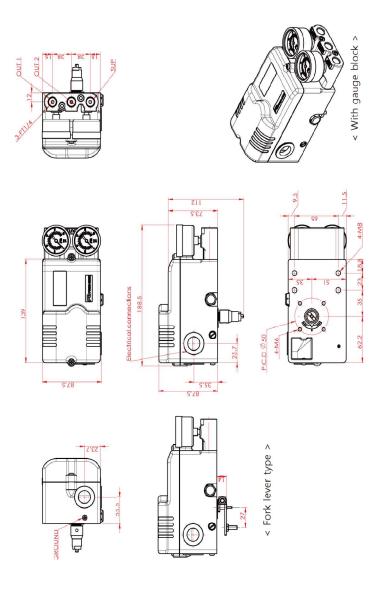


16.2. ZR1 (rotary type)





16.3. ZR1 (with 2 x SPDT micro switch)



Warranty

- 1. The warranty period of the product is 1.5 years after the product is shipped from Lilly Engineering.
- 2. For any failure or damage reported within the warranty period which is clearly our responsibility, a replacement product or necessary parts will be provided. This limited warranty applies only to our product independently, and not to any other damage incurred due to the failure of the product.
- 3. If a problem happens with the following reasons, please note that the reasonable repairing costs will be charged even during a warranty period.
- In case that customers retro-fit the products improperly without any instructions from Lilly Engineering.
- In case that the products are damaged by a bad delivery, storage or handling beyond design conditions
- In case that the products are used beyond specifications
- In case that the products are damaged by an improper installation
- In case that the products are damaged by fire, earthquake, storm, flood, thunder, lighting, other natural disasters, riot, war, exposure to radioactivity
- 4. If maintenance is required, please contact Lilly Engineer directly. Proper and satisfactory customer service will be provided.